

**Assignment 6****Deadline:** March 1, 2019**Hand in:** no 18 in 7.2, no 10 in 7.3, Supp. Ex no 3ab and 9a.**Section 7.2:** No 18, 19.**Section 7.3:** No 10, 11, 16.**Supplementary Exercises**

1. Order the rational numbers in  $[0, 1]$  into a sequence  $\{z_j\}$  and define

$$\varphi(x) = \sum_{\{j, z_j < x\}} \frac{1}{2^j}.$$

Show that  $\varphi$  is continuous at every irrational number but discontinuous at every rational number in  $(0, 1)$ . Is it integrable?

2. Display two integrable functions  $f$  and  $\Phi$  so that  $\Phi \circ f$  is not integrable. Hint: Take  $f$  to be the Thomae's function.
3. Evaluate the following limits:

(a)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{1}{n+1} + \frac{1}{n+2} + \cdots + \frac{1}{n+n} \right);$$

(b)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n!)^{1/n}}{n}.$$

Hint: Relate them to Riemann sums.

4. Evaluate the following integrals

$$\int_0^a x^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx,$$

5. Prove the following formula: For any "nice" function  $f$

$$\int_0^\pi x f(\sin x) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^\pi f(\sin x) dx.$$

Hint: Break up the integral from 0 to  $\pi/2$  and from  $\pi/2$  to  $\pi$ .

6. Evaluate the integral

$$\int_0^\pi \frac{x \sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx.$$

Hint: Use the previous problem.

7. For a continuous function  $f$  on  $[-a, a]$ , prove that when it satisfies

$$\int_{-a}^a fg = 0,$$

for all even, integrable functions  $g$ , it must be an odd function. Hint: Use the even-odd decomposition

$$f = f_e + f_o, \quad f_e(x) = (f(x) + f(-x))/2, \quad f_o(x) = (f(x) - f(-x))/2.$$

8. Evaluate the following integrals:

(a)

$$\int_0^\pi x \sin x dx,$$

(b)

$$\int_0^1 \operatorname{Arccos} x dx.$$

The inverse cosine function  $\operatorname{Arccos}$  maps  $[-1, 1]$  to  $[0, \pi]$ .

9. Evaluate the following integrals:

(a)

$$\int_0^1 (1 - x^2)^n dx,$$

(b)

$$\int_0^1 x^m (\log x)^n dx, \quad m, n \in \mathbb{N}.$$

The integrand extends to 0 at  $x = 0$ .